

ASCO Quality Training Program

Improving Time to Molecular Testing
Results in Patients with Newly
Diagnosed, Metastatic Non-Small
Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)
6/18/2021

Institutional Overview

Kaiser Permanente Northern California: San Francisco

- We are part of an integrated network of 9000 physician practice, 130 oncologists, 21 cancer centers
- 4000 Employees
- 500 Physicians
- Hematology and Oncology
- Our department is part of the American College of Surgeon's Commission on Cancer (CoC) Accreditation Program.
- It is also a program of the National Institutes of Health and an NCORP program.

Team members

Dr. Amy Lin

Medical Oncologist, Cancer Liaison Physician for COC

Dr. Raymond Liu

Director of Research, Hematology – Oncology, Kaiser Permanente Northern California

Dr. Elad Neeman

Hematology and Oncology Fellow, Second Year

Dr. Stephanie Ossowski

Hematology and Oncology Fellow, Second Year

Charles Borden

Director, Quality and Patient Safety Cancer Institute Hartford HealthCare

Team members

Additional Contributors:

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Pathology PA

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Regional Pathology director

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STRATA Chief Medical Officer

Dr. Jed Katzel

Medical oncologist, subspecializing in lung cancer

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Medical oncologist, subspecializing in lung cancer

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Director of the Division of Research (DOR)

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DOR Project lead STRATA

Chen Jiang

DOR STRATA

Pamela Tse

STRATA site coordinator

Problem Statement

Currently there are delays from diagnosis to next generation sequencing (NGS) results in patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). At our institution, it takes a median of 24 days for patients with a pathological diagnosis to receive results of NGS, compared to 15 days recommended by ASCO and 10 days seen in the MYLUNG Consortium study. Specifically, delays in NGS results can lead to

- Increased patient fear and anxiety
- Inappropriate use of front-line therapies
- Increased mortality

Outcome Measure

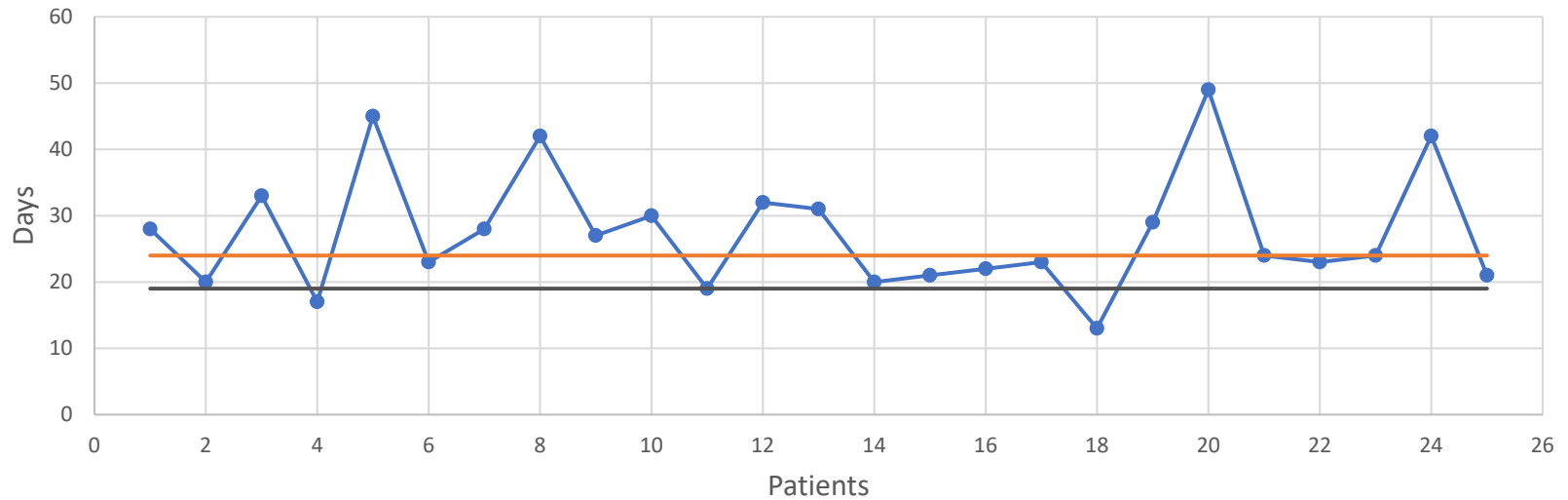
Baseline data summary

Item	Description
Measure:	Time from pathological diagnosis to NGS results
Patient population: <i>(Exclusions, if any)</i>	Untreated, newly diagnosed patients with stage IV NSCLC
Calculation methodology: <i>(i.e. numerator & denominator)</i>	Median number of days to NGS results for patients with newly diagnosed metastatic NSCLC.
Data source:	EMR Chart review of dates regarding time to treatment
Data collection frequency:	26 patients with newly diagnosed NSCLC were reviewed from 12/2018 to 9/2020.
Data limitations: <i>(if applicable)</i>	One patient diagnosed with simultaneous glioblastoma and metastatic NSCLC, excluded from preliminary data set.

Outcome Measure

Baseline data

Time from Pathology Results to Next Generation Sequencing Results in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer from 12/2018 to 9/2020



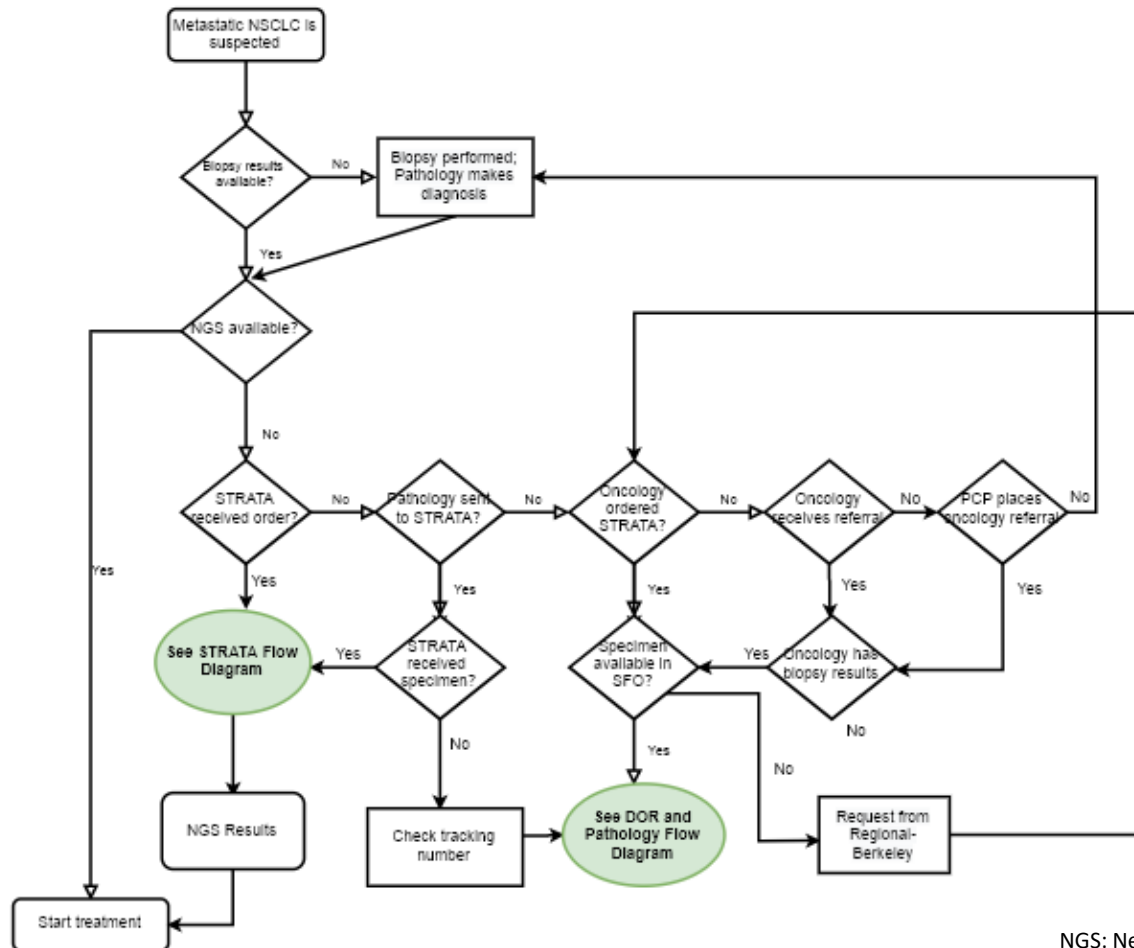
Aim Statement

By June 1, 2021, we aim to reduce time from pathological diagnosis to NGS results for newly diagnosed patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer by 5 days, reducing time to NGS results to 19 days.

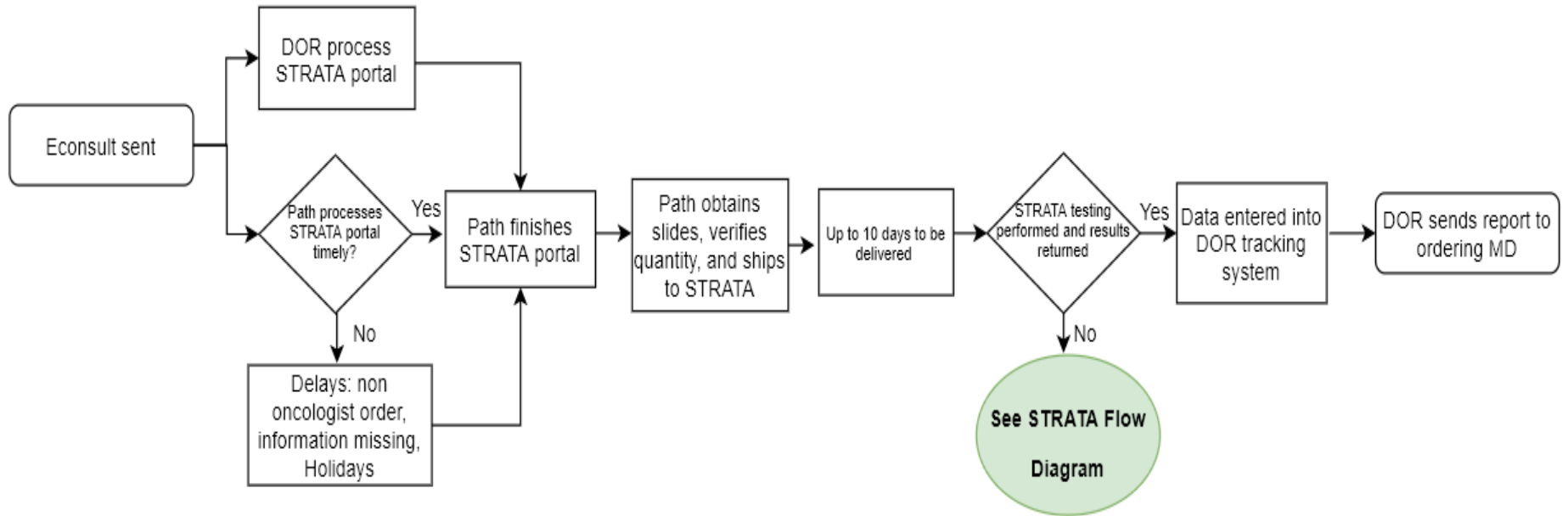
Process Map

- Steps in the Process
 - Oncology
 - Pathology
 - Division of Research
 - STRATA (NGS vendor)
- Number of Handoffs: 8
- Surprises: NGS process could be more efficient. Timing of sample delivery to NGS vendor effects process most. Inefficiency also stems from frequent handoffs of data.

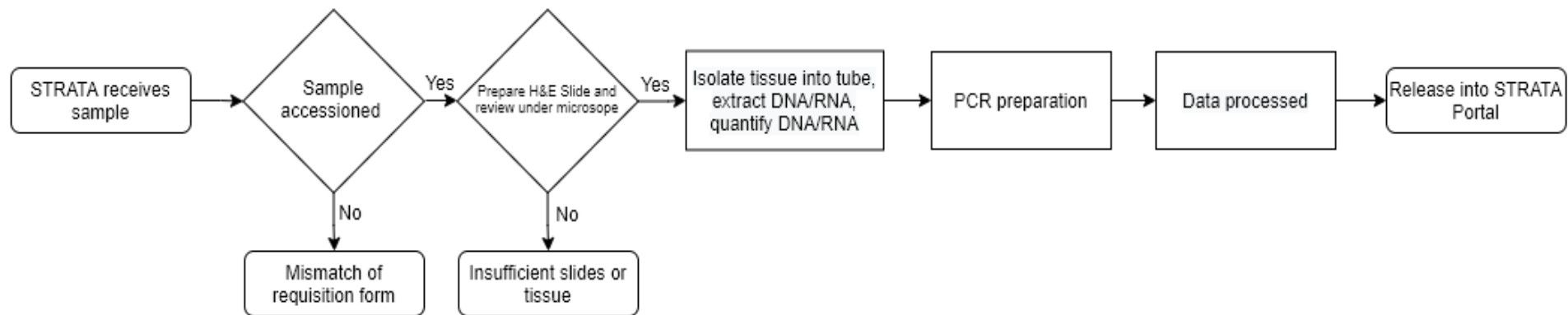
Time to Next Generation Sequencing Results Flow Diagram

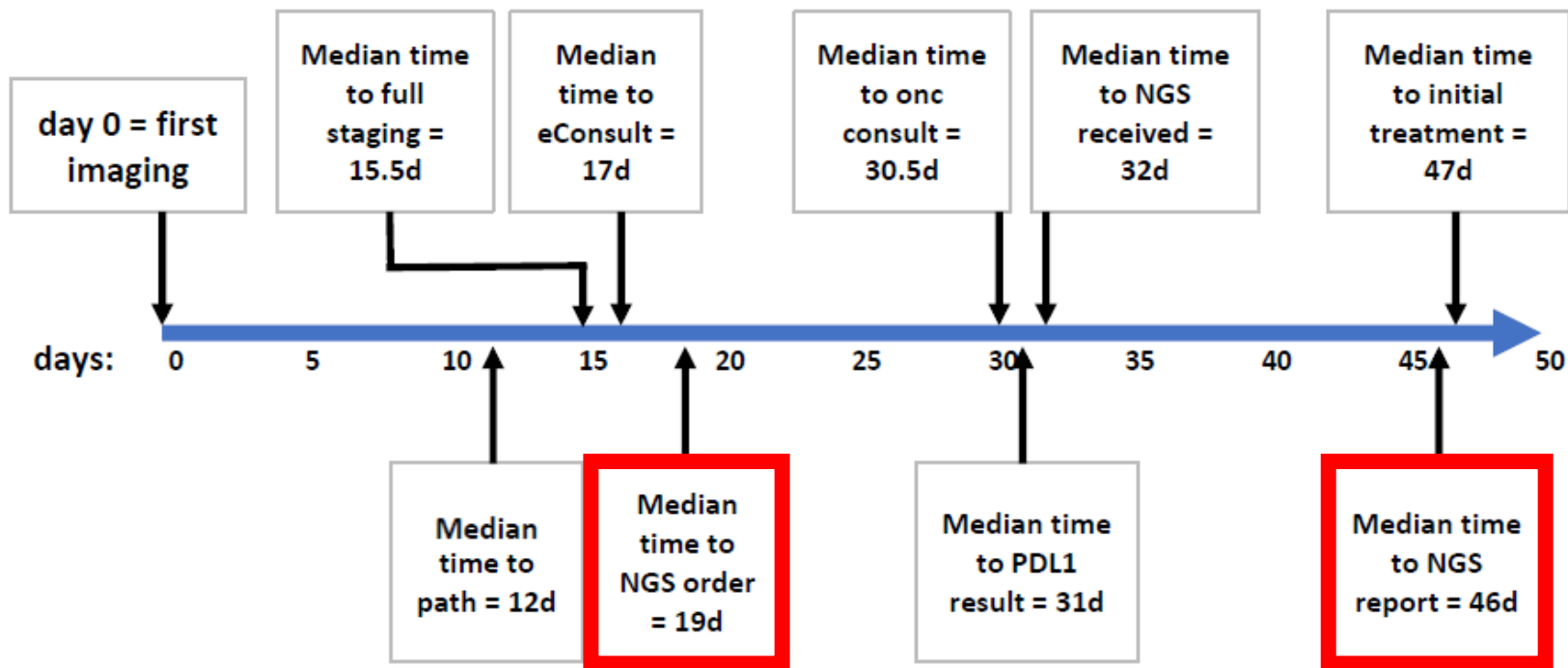


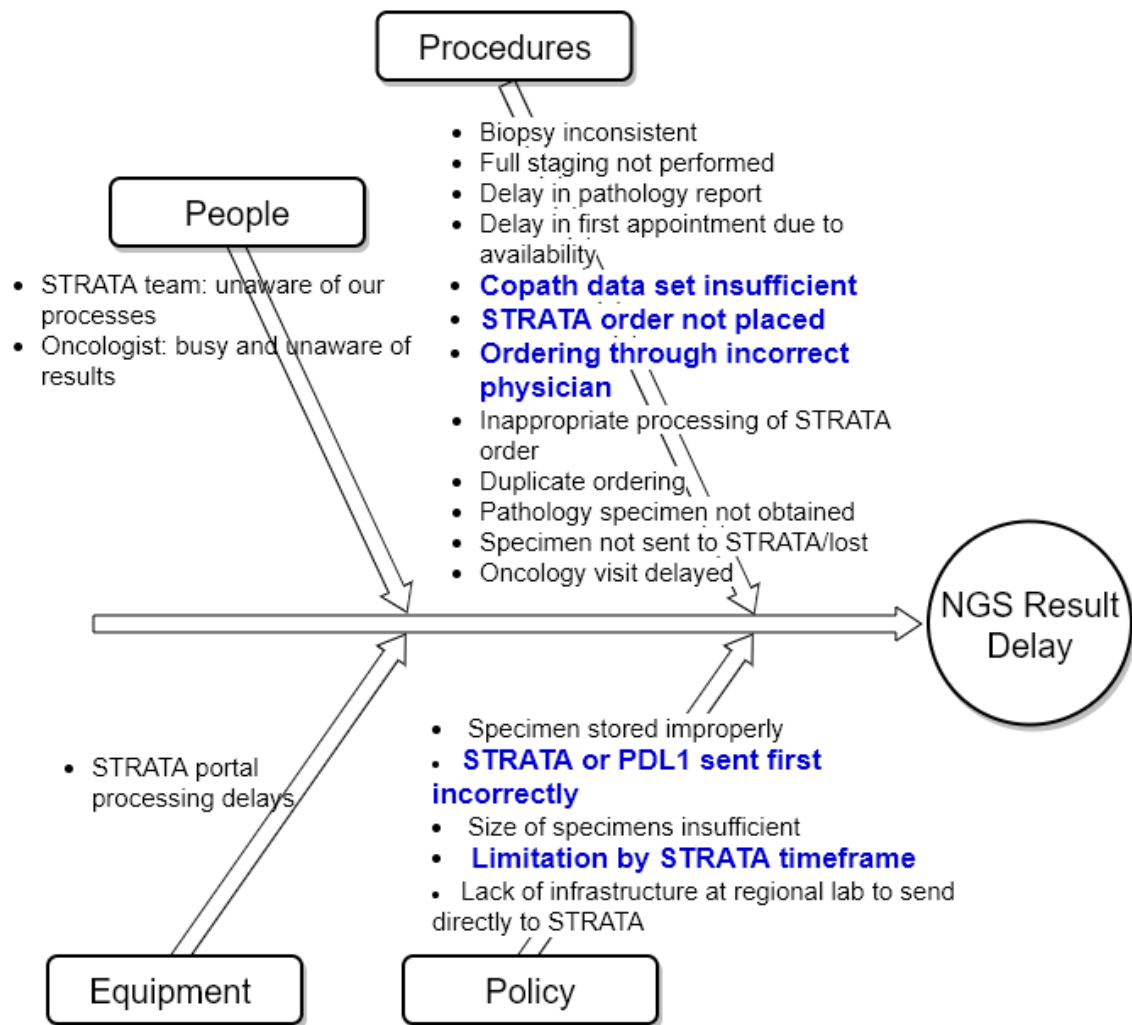
Pathology and Division of Research Flow Diagram



STRATA Flow Diagram

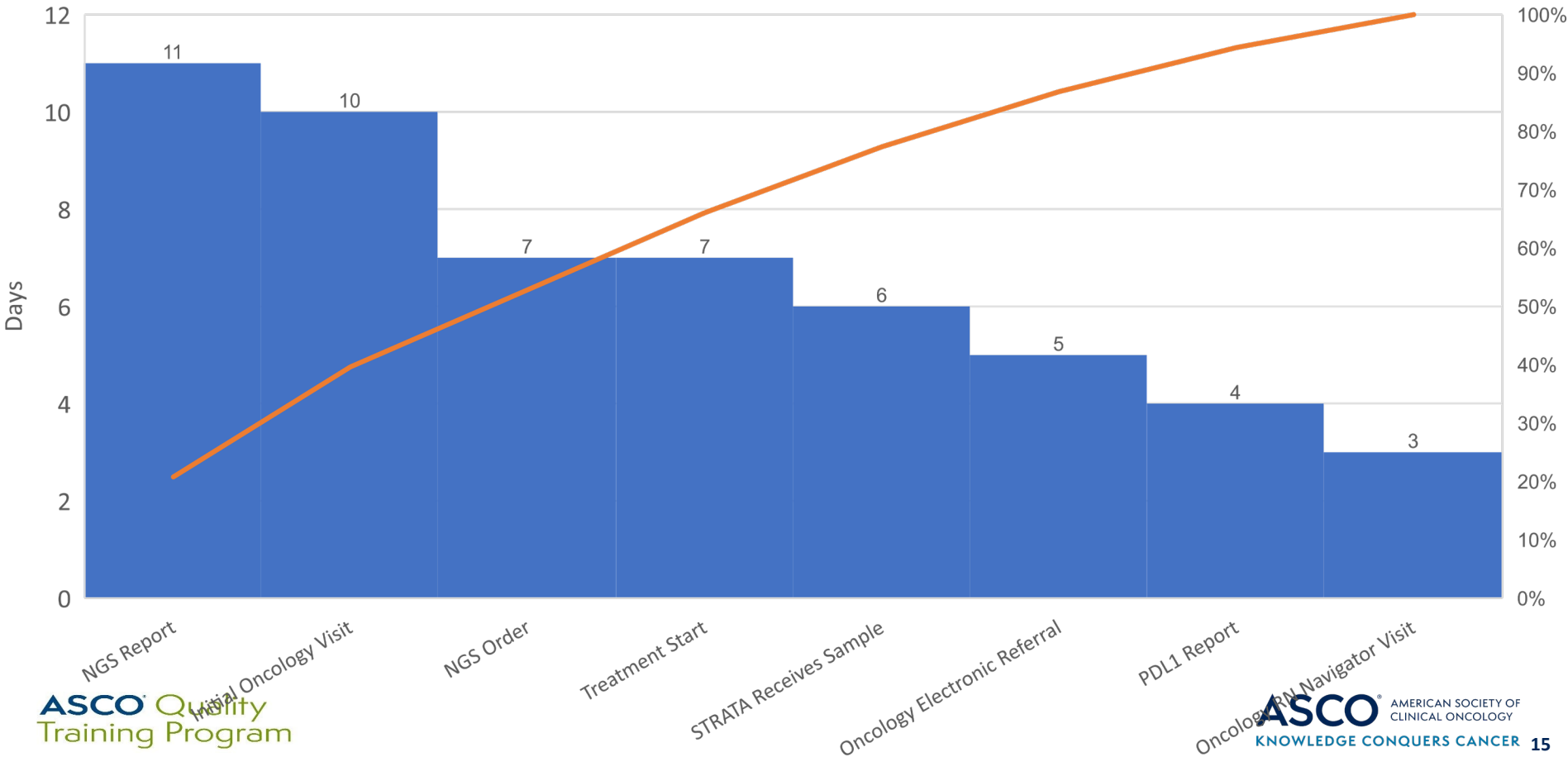






Process Measure: Diagnostic Data

Median Time from Pathological Diagnosis to NGS Results in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Metastatic NSCLC from 12/2018 to 9/2020



Priority / Pay-off Matrix Countermeasures

Impact	High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Copath automated report sent to oncology. • Change regional econsult to include ordering oncologist and prioritization of STRATA over PDL1. • Allow specimens to be accepted at STRATA Monday-Sunday • IR to take additional core biopsies from patients suspected to have mNSCLC. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Centralization of STRATA process to exclude local pathology. • Pilot centralization of process for SFO Oncology first. 	
	Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modify local econsult page to include ordering oncologist and prioritize STRATA over PDL1. • Provide education to oncology and pathology departments to prioritize STRATA over PDL1. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changing econsult order to HealthConnect order. • Send pathology block to STRATA. 	
		Easy	Ease of Implementation	Difficult

Process Measure

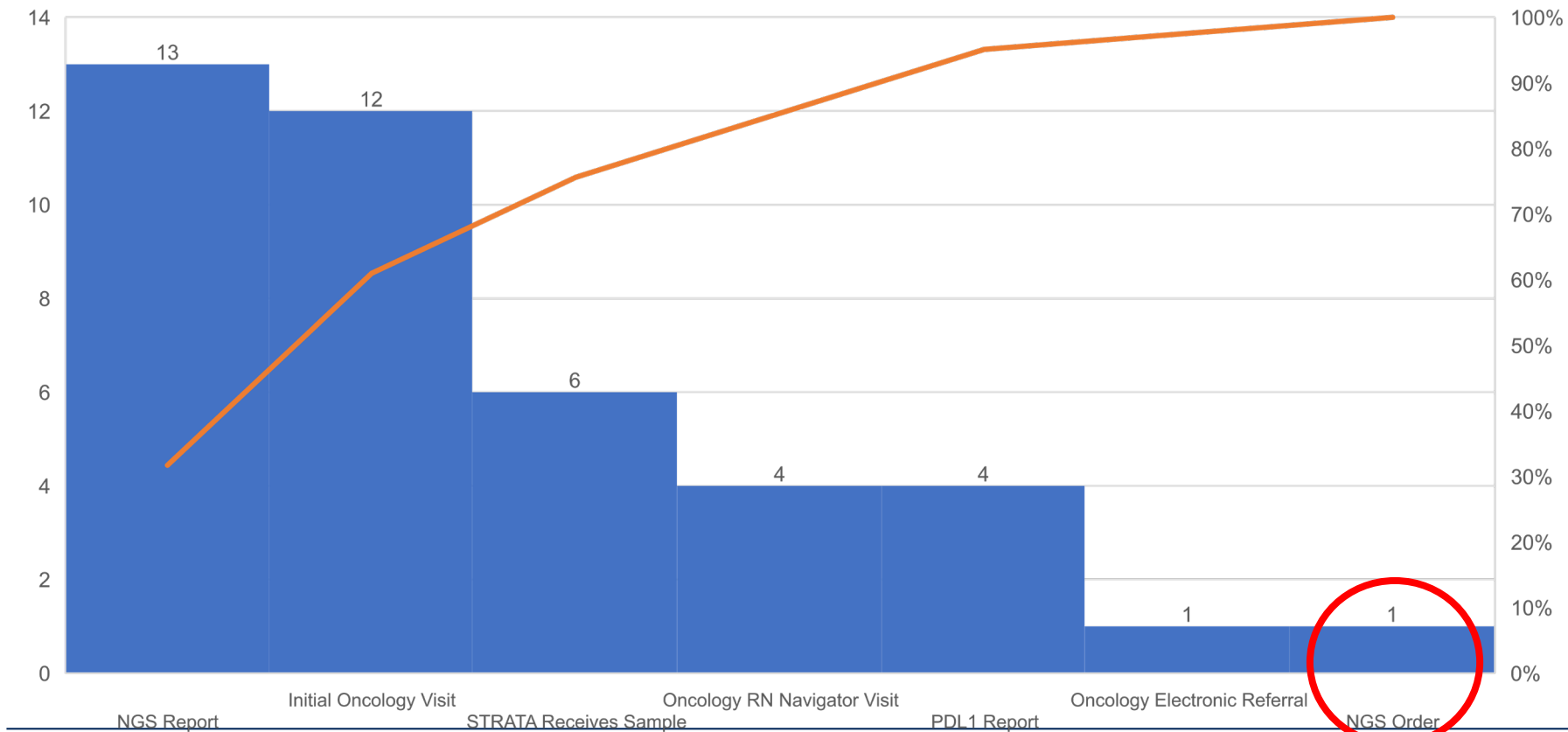
Diagnostic Data summary

Item	Description
Measure:	Time from pathological diagnosis to NGS results
Patient population: <i>(Exclusions, if any)</i>	Untreated, newly diagnosed patients with stage IV NSCLC
Calculation methodology: <i>(i.e. numerator & denominator)</i>	Median number of days to NGS results for patients with newly diagnosed metastatic NSCLC.
Data source:	EMR Chart review of dates regarding time to treatment
Data collection frequency:	11 patients with newly diagnosed NSCLC were reviewed from 11/2020 to 5/2021.
Data limitations: <i>(if applicable)</i>	Exclusion: patients who only received liquid NGS testing only; patients diagnosed through atypical means.

Test of Change PDSA Plan

Cycle	Date	PDSA Description	Result
1	11/12/2020	Interventional radiology began identifying (via econsult) suspected metastatic disease and obtaining additional tissue samples to allow for adequate tissue to be sent to STRATA and potentially allow for earlier next generation sequencing orders with the early identification of metastatic disease.	N= 11 Median 19 days
2	11/20/2020	Copath, a division of the pathology department, generated weekly, automated reports to the oncology department. Oncology department determined newly diagnosed metastatic NSCLC patients and placed next generation sequencing orders.	Prospective cohort, n=11 Reduction in time from biopsy results to NGS results by 5 days. Reduction in time from biopsy results to NGS order by 6 days.

Median Time from Pathological Diagnosis to NGS Results in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Metastatic NSCLC from 11/2020 to 5/2021



Test of Change PDSA Plan

Cycle	Date	PDSA Description	Result
3	1/2021	Education to the pathology and oncology departments to prioritize STRATA over PDL1	Not all patients had prioritization of STRATA over PDL1 with education alone, but PDSA cycle 4 aimed to achieve this same goal.
4	5/2021	E-consult updated to simply ordering of tissue NGS for physicians. Prioritization of STRATA over PDL1 explicitly stated.	Solidified implementation of prioritization of STRATA over PDL1.
5	5/2021	New Tissue NGS order integrated into Epic.	Caused unexpected delays as the division of research was unable to appropriately pull information needed to process each STRATA order.

Balancing Measures

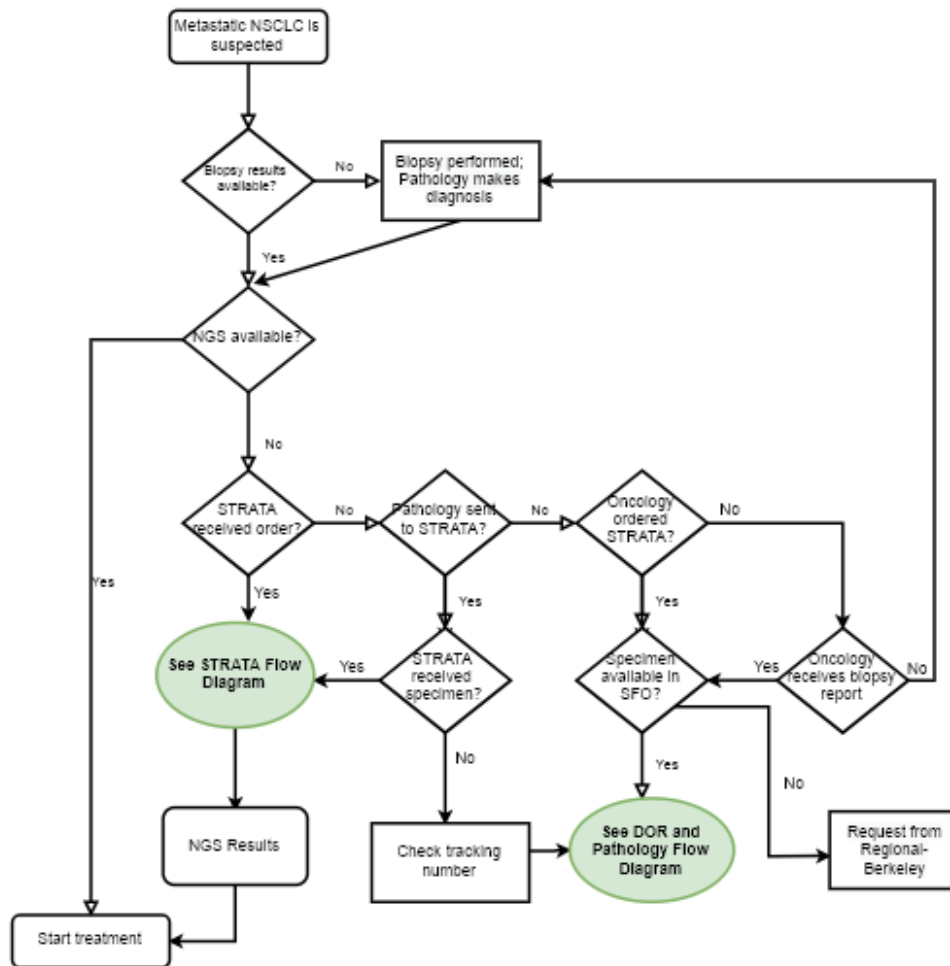
- Ordering PDL-1 before tissue NGS can cause delays to specimens' transport to our NGS company.
- Implementing a new EMR order for tissue NGS can cause delays to department processing of this order.
- We are still collating data for these balancing measures.

Test of Change

Future PDSA Plans

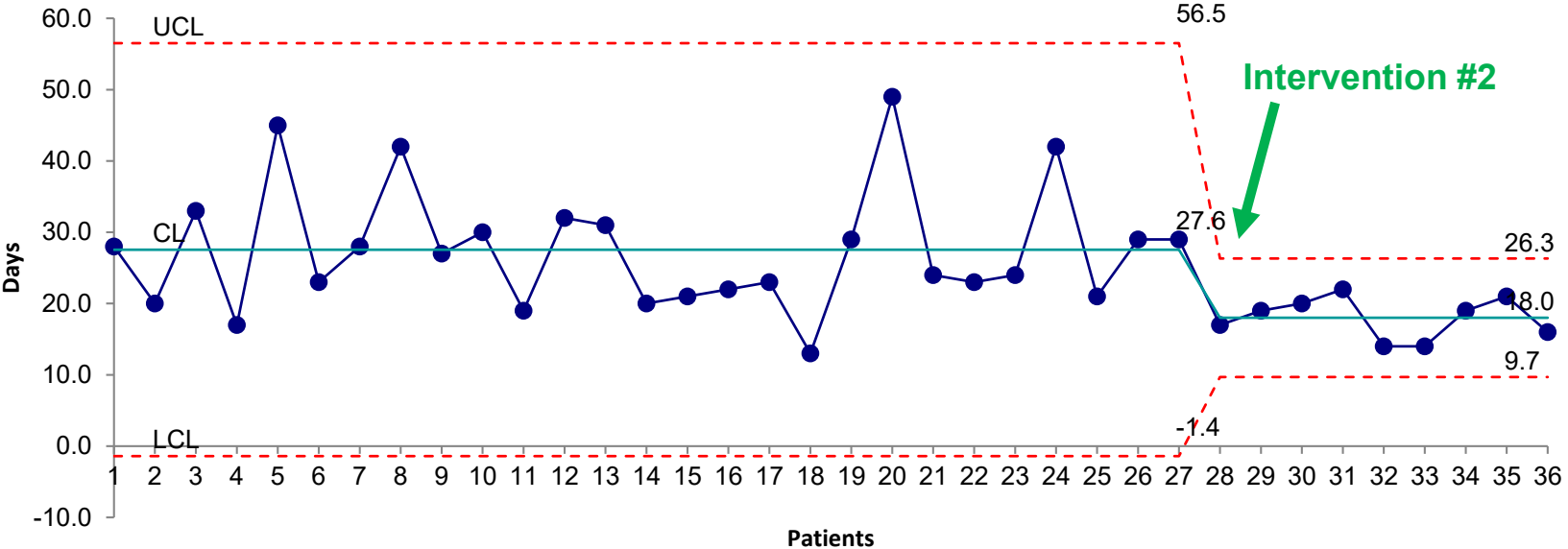
Cycle	Date	PDSA Description	Result
6	7/2021	STRATA accepting specimens every day.	This will allow pathology to send specimens out on Thursdays and Fridays and avoid 2-4 days delay due to weekend and holiday delays.
7	9/2021	Regionalization of pathology sending specimen directly to STRATA	This will reduce time to NGS results by 1-2 days, by eliminating a handoff between local and regional pathology labs.

Post Intervention: Time to Next Generation Sequencing Results Flow Diagram



Outcome Measure: Change Data

Time from Pathology Results to Next Generation Sequencing Results in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer from 12/2018 to 5/2021



Pre intervention average = 28 days; Post intervention average = 18 days

Next steps Sustainability Plan

Next Steps	Owner
RN Manager review copath report weekly and check in with fellows monthly.	Fellow and RN
Fellow will monitor process and outcome measures weekly.	Fellow

Conclusion and Lessons Learned

- Improved interdepartmental communication allowed for increased efficiency.
- Using technology to automate processes reduced turn around time.
- Parallel processing, when possible, can lead to expedited, improved outcomes.
- Inviting key stakeholders to the table was critical and possible!

Improving Time to Molecular Testing Results in Patients with Newly Diagnosed, Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

AIM: By June 1, 2021, we aim to reduce time from pathological diagnosis to NGS results for newly diagnosed patients with metastatic non-small cell lung cancer by 5 days, reducing time to NGS results to 19 days.

INTERVENTION: We reviewed process maps for oncology, pathology, the internal data management division, and a genomic testing company to determine factors leading to significant preventable delays. Since 11/2020, we created an automated weekly report using CoPath to identify new pathological diagnoses of potential metastatic NSCLC. The oncology department reviewed these cases weekly and NGS orders were placed for patients with metastatic NSCLC.

TEAM:

- Oncology Department
- Pathology Department
- Internal Data Management Division
- NGS Vendor

PROJECT SPONSORS:

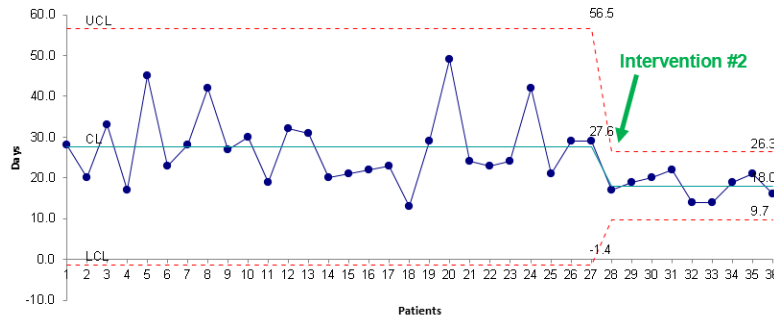
- This work was supported by the Kaiser Permanente Northern California Graduate Medical Education Program, Kaiser Foundation Hospitals

RESULTS:

Table 1. Demographics

Cohort	Historical N=25	Prospective N=11
Age (median)	68	76
Male	72%	42%
Smoking status		
Former smoker	64%	67%
Current smoker	4%	0%
Never smoker	32%	33%
Actionable Mutation	48%	50%
PDL-1 TPS ≥50%	8%	33%
PDL-1 TPS ≥1-49%	36%	50%
PDL-1 TPS <1%	36%	8%
PDL-1 TPS not tested	20%	8%

Time from Pathology Results to Next Generation Sequencing Results in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer from 12/2018 to 5/2021



CONCLUSIONS: Delays in time to NGS results can be reduced by improved communication between departments and simple, automated interventions to ensure results are efficiently released to an oncologist.

NEXT STEPS: Additional Plan-Do-Study-Act cycles are currently being developed to further reduce time from biopsy results to NGS results.